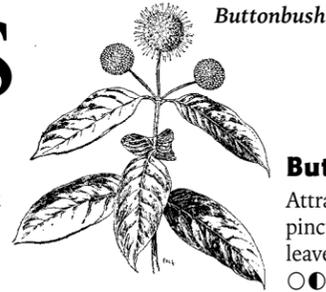


We accept checks, cash, Amex, Visa, MasterCard, Discover, and Apple Pay

Shrubs & Trees



Buttonbush

Key

- Full sun
- ◐ Part sun/part shade
- Shade
- 🐝 Attractive to bees
- 🦉 Audubon-endorsed
- 🦋 Butterfly-friendly
- 🐦 Hummingbird-friendly
- 🌿 Attractive foliage
- 🍷 Culinary
- 🌸 Edible flowers
- 🌱 Ground cover
- 🏠 Houseplant
- 🩹 Medicinal
- 🇺🇸 Minnesota native
- 🪨 Rock garden
- ❄️ Cold-sensitive: keep above 40°F
- ☠️ Toxic to humans
- 🛏️ Saturday restock

See **Fruit & Nuts**, page 45, for a note about hardiness

S001 Abelia, Fragrant

Abelia mosanensis Sweet Emotion Blaze
Selected for a deeper pink in the flower, bright fall foliage, hardiness, and compact shape. Late spring clusters of half-inch pink and white flowers with a powerful scent somewhat like jasmine. Attractive seed heads and fiery fall foliage. A hardy deciduous shrub that blooms on old wood. Deer- and rabbit-resistant. 5–6'h by 4–5'w ○●🐝 \$16.00—5.25" pot

S002 Aralia, Five-Fingered **NEW**

Eleutherococcus sieboldianus
Arching branches with five-part leaves. Small, weak thorns at the leaf bases. Highly adaptable and low-maintenance accent or barrier plant. Makes an excellent hedge or shade garden shrub. Thrives with severe pruning, which mitigates its root-suckering habit. Prefers well-drained soil but tolerates any soil type, even heavy pollution. Inconspicuous flowers in early summer. It has a long history of being used as a food plant in Japan, particularly in times of famine when the young leaves were boiled and served with rice. Syn. *Acanthopanax*. 6–8'h ○●🌿☞ \$14.00—4.5" pot

Arborvitae Thuja

Wonderful evergreens that are tolerant of clay soil, air pollution, and black walnut trees. Protect from rabbits and deer in winter. Many cultivars are bred from our native Minnesota tree, *T. occidentalis*. ○●☞

\$8.00—3" deep pot:

- S003 **Fairy Lights** *T. occidentalis*—Flat sprays of yellow spring foliage become gold-tipped for summer, then green for winter. Narrow columnar shape. 10–12'h by 2–3'w
 - S004 **Sherwood Moss** *T. occidentalis*—Dense and irregularly conical. Grows up to 12" per year. Bronzy in winter. 4–6'h
 - S005 **Tiny Tim** *T. occidentalis*—Delicate, fan-shaped foliage is densely packed into a perfect little mound. Will reach about 15" at 10 years. Turns bronzy in winter. 1'h
 - S006 **Umbraculifera** *T. occidentalis*—Slow-growing, undulating, mounded shape. Looks like a lumpy umbrella when young. 3'h by 6'w
- \$15.00—5.25" pot:
- S007 **Anna's Magic Ball** *T. occidentalis*—You'll want to put this bright yellow charmer in the small corners of your garden. Stays globe-shaped. 2–3'h
 - S008 **Fluffy** *T. plicata*—Bright yellow new growth maintains its color through winter. Burn-resistant. Tear-drop shape matures to pyramidal. 5–10'h by 3–6'w
 - S009 **North Pole** *T. occidentalis*—Columnar with dark green winter foliage, resistant to burn. Excellent landscape plant for narrow spaces or as an accent. A selection originating at North Star Nursery in Faribault, Minn. 10–15'h by 4–5'w
 - S010 **Sting** *T. occidentalis*—Sting takes the columnar shape to the extreme! If you need a skinny plant for a narrow space, look no further. Great accent plant. 15–20'h by 1–2'w

\$39.00—2 gal. pot:

- S011 **DeGroot's Spire** *T. occidentalis*—Narrow, upright tree with fine-textured, twisty foliage. Makes a good hedge grouped or a vertical accent all by itself. Grows slowly. 8–10'h by 3'w
- S012 **Little Giant** *T. occidentalis*—Globe-shaped. Holds its color well. 4'h
- S013 **Rushmore** *T. occidentalis*—Dark green, upright, and highly resistant to winter burn. Makes an excellent hedge. Bred in South Dakota. 12–15'h by 5–7'w

Azalea, Lights Rhododendron

Showy flowers in spring before leaves. This hybrid azalea series was a breakthrough developed at the U of M, with flower buds hardy to –35°F. Deciduous. Needs acidic soil. ○●🐝☞

\$39.00—2 gal. pot:

- S014 **Lemon Lights**—Bright yellow fragrant flowers with a dapple of orange on the upper petal. Purple fall leaves. 4–6'h
 - S015 **Northern Hi-Lights**—Cream-yellow bicolor blooms with orange-yellow highlights. 4–5'h
- \$45.00—3 gal. pot:
- S016 **Golden Lights**—Dazzling gold-apricot flowers. 4–6'h
 - S017 **Mandarin Lights**—Bright orange-red, lightly scented flowers. 4–5'h
 - S018 **Rosy Lights**—Extra-fragrant dark pink flowers with rose red contrasts. 4'h
 - S019 **White Lights**—Pale pink buds open to fragrant 2" white flowers with a touch of pink. 4–5'h

Azalea, Sweet

Reward Rhododendron

Large, star-shaped flowers. Rich spicy fragrance in spring. Blooms mid-spring. A new hybrid azalea developed from North American native species. ○☞

\$16.00—5.25" pot:

- S020 **Coral** **NEW**—Salmon 3–4" flowers with bright orange highlights. 3–6'h
- S021 **Pink**—Pink flowers with an orange and yellow throat. 3–6'h

S022 Beauty Bush

Kolkwitzia amabilis Jolene Jolene

Abundant flowers on a compact, adaptable, and care-free shrub. Abundant small pink bells with yellow centers line arching stems in spring. Leaves emerge orange-copper, change through gold to lime green in summer, then gold and orange for fall. Prune after blooming, if needed. 3–6'h ○🐝 \$14.00—5.25" pot

S023 Beautyberry Callicarpa Pearl Glam

Purple foliage and white flowers in summer, but the wait-for-it moment is its fall display of near-neon purple-magenta berries. Reliable in Minnesota, though it dies back to the ground like a perennial, blooming and fruiting on new wood the following season. Loved by birds and flower-arrangers. Planting more than one shrub encourages more berries. 4–5'h by 3–4'w ○🐝 \$13.00—4" deep pot

S024 Birch, Dwarf Betula × *plettkei* Cesky Gold

Red-orange leaves herald the arrival of spring, then welcome summer by turning yellow. Multi-stemmed to form a low mound, or can be trimmed to form a small hedge or miniature patio tree. Slow-growing. Excellent for bonsai, beautiful in summer pots, and realistic as a small weeping willow for miniature gardens and model railroads. Or just use it wherever you need its delicate, lacy, feathery texture. 2–4'h ○●🌿☞ \$13.00—4" deep pot

S025 Blue Beech

Carpinus caroliniana Wisconsin Red

Corrugated blue-green leaves with serrated edges. Selected by a Wisconsin breeder for its red, orange, and yellow fall color. Best color in sun. A great native tree that grows well in heavy soil and lower light conditions. The catkins and fruits look a little like dangling Japanese pagodas—first green, then becoming yellowish brown in clusters of three-winged nutlets. The smooth greenish gray trunk eventually becomes fluted with age and seems to have muscles. Grows very slowly. Tolerant of most soils. Also known as musclewood. 15–20'h by 10–15'w ○●🐝🌿 \$35.00—1 gal. pot

S026 Boxwood Buxus Chicagoland Green

A hybrid from the Chicago Botanic Garden selected for its rounded shape, compactness, and cold hardiness. The evergreen shrub you see trimmed to flat-edged hedges in formal gardens and labyrinths. Can be kept much smaller by pruning. Best sited in winter shade to avoid burning in winter. Deer-resistant. 3–4'h ○●☞ \$11.00—4" deep pot

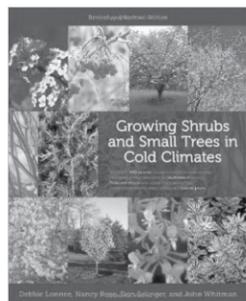
Bush Honeysuckle Diervilla

Excellent for massing and erosion control because it colonizes, tolerating most soils. Small yellow flowers bloom all summer. Best leaf color in sun. Attracts multiple pollinators. Deer-resistant. 3–4'h ○●🐝🌿 \$16.00—5.25" pot:

- S027 **Kodiak Jet Black**—Leaves are most intensely black with full sun in spring and fall, but even in less light remain darkest burgundy. Foliage is a great accent in the garden or vase.
- S028 **Kodiak Red 2.0**—An improved Kodiak Red with burgundy foliage in spring, bright red foliage in fall, and pops of red throughout the season. A low-care plant for difficult places.
- S029 **Kodiak Spiced**—Leaves emerge in shades of deep orange, with new growth over yellow green older leaves.

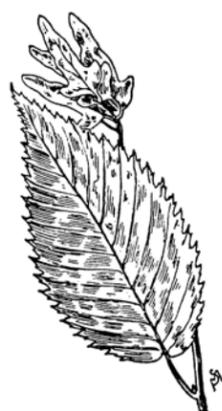


Arborvitae



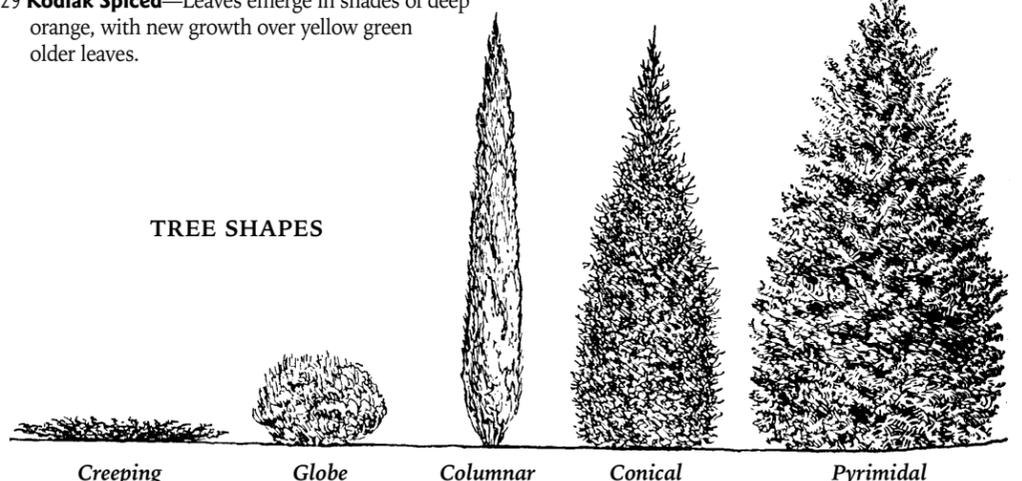
About those stars...

Throughout this section, you will notice trees and shrubs that are marked with four or five stars (★★★★). These plants have been noted by Lonnee, Rose, Selinger, and Whitman in the 2011 edition of *Growing Shrubs and Small Trees in Cold Climates* as some of the very best plants available on the market.



Blue beech leaf

TREE SHAPES



Creeping

Globe

Columnar

Conical

Pyramidal

Buttonbush Cephalanthus occidentalis

Attractive shrub with 1–2" honey-scented spherical pincushions. Upright, arching branches and glossy leaves. Good for moist soils and even standing water. ○●🐝🌿

\$16.00—5.25" pot:

- S030 **Sugar Shack 2.0** **NEW**—An improved Sugar Shack, with a tidier shape and lots more flowers. 3–4'h
- S031 **Wild Buttonbush** **NEW**—Fall seed heads are red, subsiding to brown as they persist into winter. Long bloom time as green balls transform into showy midsummer spherical fireworks. Mason County, Mich. source. 10–15'h ☞

Cardinal Bush Weigela

Popular shrub grown for its arching branches full of funnel-shaped flowers. Late spring hummingbird attractor. Easy maintenance. ○🐝🌿

\$16.00—5.25" pot:

- S032 **Czechmark Trilogy** *W. florida*—Flowers start out white, flow to pink, and deepen to red, all three colors at once on the plant. Bred in Czechia, and noted for hardiness and extra-large flowers. 3–4'h
 - S033 **Sonic Bloom Pink** *W. florida*—Hot pink buds open to rich pink flowers, reblooming in waves until frost. Compact mound that rarely needs pruning, but can be pruned right after the first bloom. 4–5'h
 - S034 **Spilled Wine** *W. florida*—Wavy dark red leaves complement the hot pink-magenta flowers in spring and fall. 2'h by 3–4'w
 - S035 **Wine and Spirits** *W. florida*—Bright white flowers emerge from light green buds, then shine against deep burgundy leaves. Mounded. 3–5'h
- \$39.00—2 gal. pot:
- S036 **Maroon Swoon** **NEW**—Crimson trumpets summer–fall against dark green foliage that emerges burgundy in spring. Fragrant. Tolerates urban pollution. 4–5'h by 4–5'w

S037 Catalpa Catalpa bignonioides

Spectacular white spring flowers and tropical-looking, heart-shaped leaves. Develops interesting long pods that turn brown in fall. The last tree to leaf out in spring, and the last to drop its leaves in fall. Tolerates a wide range of soil conditions, from wet to dry, including seasonal flooding. 25–50'h ○● \$15.00—3.5" deep pot

S038 Cherry, Black Prunus serotina

Distinct, attractive bark and beautiful white flower clusters in late spring. Yellow to red fall color. Prolific fruit producers, but highly variable in taste depending on the individual tree, growing conditions, and growing season. Small fruits are well suited for processing. Thrives in well-drained soil. Important food source for birds. Bark and leaves are toxic if ingested. Crushed leaves have a distinct cherry aroma. Seed source Sherburne County, Minn. 50–80'h by 30–60'w ○●🐝🌿☞ \$51.00—1 gal. pot

Chokeberry, Black Aronia melanocarpa

White flowers with yellow to pink centers in spring and clusters of showy purple-black fruit from September through winter. Foliage turns brilliant red in fall. Berries are high in antioxidants; good for tart juice and jelly. Thrives in almost any soil. ○●🐝🌿☞

\$12.00—2.5" deep pot:

- S039 **Wild Black Chokeberry**—Upright and vase-shaped. Can be used for a native hedge, in rain gardens, or in naturalized areas. Prune, if necessary, in late winter. St. Louis County, Minn., source. 6–8'h by 5'w ☞

\$15.00—5.25" pot:

- S040 **Ground Hug**—Tidy ground cover mat for slopes or hard-to-reach places. Selection of the native plant. 1'h by 3'w ☞

Shrubs & Trees



S041 **Chokecherry** *Prunus virginiana*
Long clusters of white blossoms are followed by red fruit, ripening to dark black-purple. In spite of the name, the fruit makes excellent jam or syrup. Can be grown as a dense hedge. Good in most soils. Sherburne County, Minn., source. 20'h by 6'w ○☀️🌿☞
\$12.00—2.5" deep pot

S042 **Cranberry, American Highbush**
Viburnum trilobum
Rounded native shrub with lacecap white flowers in spring, clusters of red berries in fall that may persist into winter. When ripe, berries are edible in moderation, raw or cooked. Good for jams, jellies. Purple-red fall foliage. The berries are excellent winter food for wildlife. Seed from St. Louis County, Minn. 8–12'h ○●☀️🌿☞
\$12.00—2.5" deep pot

S043 **Cypress, False**
Chamaecyparis pisifera Soft Serve Gold
Stays golden all year. Pyramidal shape. Slow-growing, ferny evergreen. Deer-resistant. 6–10'h by 5–6'w ○●🌿☞
\$14.00—5.25" pot

S044 **Deutzia, Slender** **NEW**
Deutzia Yuki Cherry Blossom 2.0
Profuse starry half-inch pink flowers with white margins May–June. Deep purple foliage in fall. Blooms on old wood. A woody ground cover. 1–2'h by 1–3'w ○●🌿☞
\$15.00—5.25" pot

S045 **Dogwood, Flowering Chinese** **NEW**
Cornus kousa
Small tree with four seasons of interest, starting with 3–4" white bracts that surround a tiny flower ball in spring. Summer brings red raspberry-like fruits, followed by brilliant red to burgundy fall foliage, and then textured brown and gray bark in winter. Berries are edible, tasting like ripe persimmons. Vase-shaped, becoming more horizontal and tiered with age. Protected location recommended. Experimental here—let us know how it does. 15–30'h ○●☞
\$40.00—2 gal. pot

Dogwood, Red Twig *Cornus sericea*
A northern classic, great for winter interest. Youngest twigs are the brightest, so pruning branches thicker than your thumb in March will keep winter color vibrant. Clusters of small white spring flowers are followed by white berries in summer. ○●☞
\$12.00—2.5" deep pot:

S046 **Wild Red Twig Dogwood**—Rounded shape. May have red fall color. St. Louis County, Minn., source. 8–10'h 🌿☞
\$14.00—5.25" pot:

S047 **Arctic Fire**—Red leaves in fall and intensely red twigs in winter. 3–4'h

S048 **Arctic Fire Yellow**—Red leaves in fall and intensely yellow twigs in the winter. 4–5'h

Elderberry *Sambucus*
Excellent foliage plants stand out in the landscape. Cut to the ground in spring to help improve their shape, but because the plants bloom on old wood, pruning in spring will come at the expense of flowers and fruit. Berries in fall, good for wildlife. Spreads through root suckers. Deer-resistant. ○●☞
\$13.00—4" deep pot:

S049 **Black Lace** *S. nigra*—Purple-black leaves are finely lobed, giving an effect similar to Japanese maple. Pink spring flowers. Full sun for best color. Can be pruned back for more formal settings. 6–8'h 🌿☞
\$16.00—5.25" pot:

S050 **Laced Up** *S. nigra*—Lacy near-black foliage for three seasons. Fuzzy pink flowers in early summer on a narrowly upright plant. If another variety is nearby (like Black Lace), it will produce black fruits. Light citrusy floral scent. 6–10'h by 3–5'w ☞
\$16.00—5.25" pot:

S051 **Lemony Lace** *S. racemosa*—Very deeply lobed chartreuse leaves with red-tinged new growth. Small white flowers in spring. Consumption of the red fruit not recommended of this species. Looks like a trunkless Japanese maple with its airy fine-textured leaves. 3–5'h

See more ELDERBERRIES, page 45

S052 **Flowering Almond**
Prunus glandulosa Rosea Plena
Puffy pink pompoms cluster along slender bare stems in spring. One of Thomas Jefferson's favorite shrubs at Monticello. Does not produce edible nuts. Prune hard after bloom (even before the foliage is out) to increase next year's flowers. 4–5'h by 3–4'w ○☀️🌿☞
\$39.00—3 gal. pot

See more ALMONDS, page 45

Forsythia *Forsythia*
Classic spring-blooming shrub with yellow flowers lining arched branches in April. Deer-resistant. ○●
\$17.00—5.25" pot:

S053 **Show Off Sugar Baby**—Deep yellow flowers from base to tip of the branches bloom in early spring. Easy to grow, tolerating any pH, clay soil, and air pollution. Drought-tolerant once established and seldom needs pruning. 2–3'h

\$31.00—3 gal. pot:

S054 **Northern Gold**—Developed in Canada, this variety is among the hardiest of this classic yellow harbinger of spring. 6–8'h

S055 **Fringetree, White** *Chionanthus virginicus*
Slow-growing U.S. native that is especially beautiful in spring when profuse white flowers appear before the foliage. Blue-black fruit may follow in the summer. Yellow fall color. 6–8'h ○●☞
\$29.00—1 gal. pot

S056 **Hickory, Bitternut** **NEW**
Carya cordiformis
Ornamental shade tree with yellow fall color and mustard yellow buds in winter. Non-showy green flowers in April and May, with separate fruiting and pollenizing flowers on the same plant. Nuts in September can be pressed for excellent oil, but are mostly unpalatable. Two trees improve nut production. Long taproot, prefers moist soil. Larval host to large moths: luna, regal, and funerary dagger. Seed from southeast Minnesota. 50–150'h by 30–50'w 🌿☞
\$40.00—2 gal. pot

Hydrangea see box, below

Juniper *Juniperus*
Evergreen, deer-resistant landscape shrubs. Easy to grow, withstanding cold, heat, drought, road salt, and air pollution. ○●

\$15.00—5.25" pot:
S072 **Tortuga** *J. communis*—Mound of jade green foliage. In Spanish, "tortuga" means "turtle." 2'h by 2–4'w

\$37.00—2 gal. pot:
S073 **Grey Owl**—Year-round silver foliage on a slow-growing, spreading plant. Dark purple fleshy cones in winter are good for birds. 2–3'h by 4–6'w ☞

S074 **Juniper, Upright** **NEW**
Juniperus virginiana Aquavita
Distinctive light blue-green foliage with a soft, feathery texture. Green to blue berries in fall. Grows quickly. Evergreen, deer-resistant landscape shrubs. Easy to grow, withstanding cold, heat, drought, road salt, and air pollution. 10–15'h by 3–4'w ○☞
\$18.00—5.25" pot

S075 **Katsura** *Cercidiphyllum japonicum*
Beautiful heart-shaped foliage emerges red and changes to bluish green in summer, followed by apricot orange fall color. Tree has a beautiful oval shape. Fall leaves have a sweet, cotton candy aroma. 40'h ○
\$17.00—3.5" deep pot

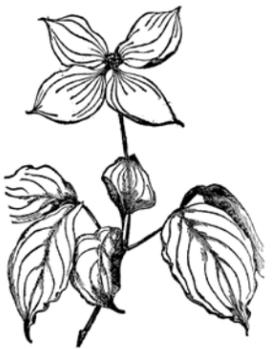
Korean Spicebush *Viburnum carlesii*
Dense flower heads with outstanding vanilla fragrance. Colorful berries if a different Korean spicebush variety is nearby to pollenate. Deer-resistant. ○●
\$16.00—5.25" pot:

S076 **Spice Baby**—At last, a compact variety for small spaces that keeps all the charm of larger ones. Red spring buds followed by light pink to white flowers. Red berries. Burgundy fall color. 4–5'h 🌿☞

S077 **Spice Cowboy**—White 6" snowballs in spring are extra-large for a spicebush. Red-orange leaves in the fall. Can be trained into a small tree. 6–10'h by 4–5'w



The little truck means we'll be restocking this plant on Saturday morning.



Flowering Chinese dogwood

Hydrangea ○●☞

Mophead *Hydrangea macrophylla*
Large, showy flower clusters are pink unless you acidify the soil, which turns them to lavender or purple. Blooms on old and new wood, so there will still be flowers later in the summer even after severe winters. Water daily when first planted. Protect from deer.
\$17.00—5.25" pot:

S057 **Let's Dance Lovable**—Vivid pink or blue-purple flowers with a blue eye. Strong rebloomer. Glossy leaves turn burgundy in the fall. 3–4'h

S058 **Let's Dance Sky View** *H. macrophylla* × *serrata*—Flowers emerge pale pink to lavender-blue with a pale green eye that fades away. Blooms summer to early fall. 2–3'h

S059 **Wee Bit Giddy**—Covered in big, flattened clusters of flowers, each flower is a saturated rosy red or deep purple-violet, depending on acidity, with a bright lime green center. 2'h by 3'w
\$39.00—2 gal. pot:

S060 **Cherry Explosion**—Cherry pink florets surround a cluster of small, star-shaped light pink flowers (lavender in acidic soils) June–September. Burgundy fall foliage. 3–4'h

Mountain *Hydrangea serrata*
Delicate, reblooming lace cap flowers are pink (or blue in acidic soil). Avoid pruning if possible.
\$17.00—5.25" pot:

S061 **Tiny Tuff Stuff**—Light pink flowers—or maybe lavender blue even without acidification. 2'h

S062 **Tuff Stuff Top Fun**—Blooms heavily with pink or lavender pink flowers summer–fall. Burgundy fall foliage. 2–3'h

Panicled *Hydrangea paniculata*
Showy, conical flower clusters on arching branches that drape gracefully. Because it blooms on new wood, there are flowers even after the harshest winters. If needed, prune late winter to early spring. Flower color is not affected by soil acidity. 🌿
\$17.00—5.25" pot:

S063 **Fire Light Tidbit**—Big green-tinged white flower clusters in summer age to pink, then red. Brightly colored fall foliage. Neatly mounded. 2–3'h

S064 **Limelight**—Bright pastel green flowers in late summer. Vigorous and floriferous. ★★★ 6–8'h

S065 **Little Lime Punch**—Egg-shaped flower clusters emerge lime green but change to white, then pink, then red from the bottom of the cluster up so that all colors are present at the same time. Summer bloom. 3–5'h

S066 **Pinky Winky Prime**—White 14–18" flower clusters gradually change to deep pink, starting at the base and moving to the tip, showing both colors in the middle of the transition. All three stages can appear on the plant at the same time. Blooms summer–fall. 6–9'h 🌿

S067 **Powerball**—Egg-shaped 6" flower heads emerge lime green, change to white, and then become an array of pink shades—all colors present at once. Summer bloom. 3–6'h

Snowball *Hydrangea arborescens*
Large spherical clusters of flowers in late spring, lasting through summer and fall. Flower color is not affected by soil acidity. Good for dried arrangements or winter displays. Prune before growth starts in spring for a shapely plant and larger flowers.
\$17.00—5.25" pot:

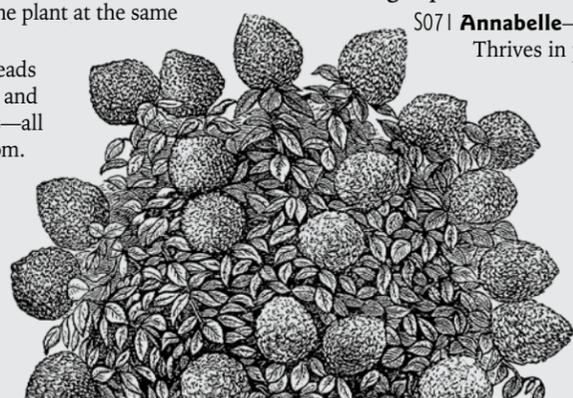
S068 **Incredible Blush**—Huge, flattened clusters of light to medium pink flowers in summer change to green with age. Sturdy stems mean no flopping. 4–5'h

S069 **Invincible Wee White 2.0** **NEW**—Improved version of Invincible Wee White. Packed with crisp white flowers that become green. Fresh buds appear throughout fall. Very sturdy stems. 2–3'h 🌿☞

S070 **Storm Proof**—Bred to have sturdy stems that hold up even in downpours! Robust bloomer with densely packed white flowers. 4'h 🌿☞
\$19.00—1 gal. pot:

S071 **Annabelle**—White flower heads. Thrives in part shade. 4–5'h

See also HYDRANGEA, CLIMBING, page 32



Panicled hydrangea

We accept checks, cash, Amex, Visa,
MasterCard, Discover, and Apple Pay

Shrubs & Trees

Lilac *Syringa*

Nothing says spring in Minnesota like fragrant lilacs. Prune flower clusters as needed immediately after blooming. Long-lived and easy to grow. Deer-resistant. ○☼☼

\$19.00—5.25" pot:

- S078 **Baby Kim**—This smallest lilac grows in a neat mound. Purple buds become lavender and light lavender flowers. 2–3'h
- S079 **Bloomerang Ballet**—Light to dark pink flowers, with hints of purple. Dependable rebloomer, first in spring, then again in late summer to fall. 3–4'h
- S080 **Bloomerang Dark Purple**—Compact, reblooming lilac produces purple-pink flowers from deep purple buds in spring and, after a rest period during the heat of summer, blooms again. Good fragrance and mildew resistance. 3–4'h
- S081 **Bloomerang Purpink** *S. × pubescens*—One of the most prolific rebloomers, with pink, purple, and purple-pink flowers all at once. Vigorous but compact. Mildew-resistant. 3–5'h by 2–3'w
- S082 **Scentar Double Blue** *S. × hyacinthiflora*—Early bloomer with lush, fully double blue-lavender flowers. Bred for fragrance. Compact and rounded, with good resistance to mildew. 6–8'h

\$19.00—1 gal. pot:

- S083 **Late-Blooming** *S. villosa*—Buds open several weeks later than common lilac, with abundant rosy lavender clusters up to 8" long and sweetly fragrant. 6–12'h

\$33.00—2 gal. pot:

- S084 **Aucubaefolia** *S. vulgaris*—Gold variegated leaves contrast nicely with the lavender to light blue flowers. Forms an upright, rounded shape at maturity. The variety name is a reference to how similar the leaves are to the speckled Japanese laurel, *Aucuba japonica*. 8–10'h
- S085 **Donald Wyman** *S. prestoniae*—Purple-lavender buds open to reddish lavender flowers on large pyramidal spikes two weeks later than common lilac. Non-suckering. ★★★★★ 8–10'h
- S086 **Pearl Potion** *S. meyeri*—Profuse white flowers bloom from light pink buds. A dwarf Korean lilac and very hardy. 4–5'h
- S087 **Sensation** *S. vulgaris*—Large trusses of very showy purplish-red florets, each sharply edged in white in late May. Very hardy hybrid of the common lilac. 8–15'h by 6–12'w

Magnolia *Magnolia*

These northern-hardy magnolias need rich, well-drained soil. Leaves emerge after flowers fade. Water frequently in hot, dry weather. ○●

\$35.00—3 gal. pot:

- S088 **Leonard Messell** *M. × loebneri*—Deep pink buds open to scented lilac-pink blossoms. ★★★★★ 15–20'h ☼

\$99.00—2 gal. pot:

- S089 **Sunsation**—Yellow 6" flowers have a rosy pink blush towards the base. Blooms a bit later than other magnolias, saving the buds from the risk of late frosts. Pyramidal shape. By Roy G. Klehm of Wisconsin. 25–30'h by 15–20'w

Maple, Japanese *Acer palmatum* Atropurpureum

Red to red-purple leaves turn bright red in fall. Exquisite in both color and shape, this ornamental is great in a large summer pot or as a focal point in the garden. Protect from winter wind and sun for outdoor success in Minnesota, or bring indoors. 15–20'h ○●☼

S090—\$17.00—3.5" deep pot

S091—\$32.00—1 gal. pot

S092 Mockorange

Philadelphus coronarius Illuminati Spice

Double white flowers in late spring. Bred specifically for showy flower display and enhanced fragrance. Blooms on old wood. The common name refers to the captivating citrus fragrance of the flowers. Makes a good, low-maintenance hedge. Its Latin name means "brotherly love." 4'h ○● \$15.00—5.25" pot

S093 New Jersey Tea *Ceanothus americanus* ☼

Dense foliage and white flowers June–July, followed by flat-topped seed clusters. Seed from Howard County, Iowa. 2–3'h by 3–5'w ○●☼☼☼☼☼☼☼ \$8.00—4.5" pot

Ninebark *Physocarpus*

Maple-like leaves on arching stems. A shrub for year-round interest, including peeling strips of bark in winter. Blooms June–July, followed by interesting seed pods. Best with protection from the hottest sun. A Minnesota native shrub with many cultivated varieties. ○●☼

\$16.00—5.25" pot:

- S094 **Ginger Wine** *P. opulifolius*—Spring leaves emerge orange and turn burgundy. Clusters of white flowers open from deep pink buds. Red seed heads. 5–6'h
- S095 **Pickleball** **NEW**—Densely packed white flowers from pink buds May–June against yellow-green foliage. 3'h
- S096 **Summer Wine Black** *P. opulifolius*—Dark purple-black foliage with pink-tinged white flowers. Dramatic accent plant. 5–6'h

S097 Pine, Mugo *Pinus mugo*

Shrubby evergreen conifer with sharp rigid needles. Very hardy, easy, and adaptable, though preferring well-drained soils. Drought-tolerant. From the high mountains of Europe. 2–4'h ○ \$39.00—3 gal. pot

S098 Pine, White *Pinus strobus* **RENEW**

Soft blue-green needles. The grand tree that covered much of northeastern Minnesota, they were used for ship masts and those huge beams found in warehouses. Prefers moist, well-drained, loamy soils. Intolerant of alkaline soil and street-side planting. Grows about a yard a year. Upper Michigan source. 100–150'h by 35–55'w ○●☼☼☼☼ \$39.00—1 quart pot

S099 Redbud *Cercis canadensis* Minnesota Strain

One of the first trees to bloom, in some years as early as mid-April. Showy bundles of half-inch blossoms cover its dark branches before it leafs out. It's like a swirling cloud of rosy pink floating above the multi-stemmed trunk. Heart-shaped leaves turn warm yellow in fall. Blooming begins when the tree matures at about seven years of age. Selected for hardiness at the U of M Landscape Arboretum. ★★★★★ 20–30'h ○●☼ \$17.00—3.5" deep pot

Rhododendron *Rhododendron*

Early-blooming shrubs with leathery evergreen leaves. Needs acidic soil. ○●☼

\$17.00—5.25" pot:

- S101 **Black Hat**—Dark purple foliage and a much longer bloom period make this an improvement on the standard hardy rhododendron, with the same glorious rose-violet flowers. 3'h
- S102 **Dandy Man Color Wheel**—First bright red buds, then ruffly blossoms with light pink uppers, deep pink undersides. Blossoms later turn pure white, all colors present at the same time. Good heat resistance. 4–8'h
- S103 **Dandy Man Purple**—Lush deep purple blossoms. Good heat tolerance. 6–8'h
- \$53.00—3 gal. pot:
- S104 **Minnetonka**—Violet-red buds in late spring followed by dense clusters of 3" light purple flowers with pale centers to early summer. Compact and rounded. 3–4'h by 4–5'w

S105 Rhododendron, Finnish

Rhododendron Nova Zembla

The best red. Clusters of bright crimson trumpet-shaped flowers with darker red centers. Blooms in late May. Grows slowly but can live for 40 years or more. More sun-tolerant than most rhododendrons. From the University of Helsinki, Finland, and tested at the U of M Landscape Arboretum, where they sometimes rebloom in the fall. The evergreen leaves are a shiny dark green on top and downy underneath. Needs well-drained, acidic soil. 5'h by 6'w ○●☼ \$53.00—3 gal. pot

Rose see box on page 51

S136 Seven Son Tree

Heptacodium miconioides Temple of Bloom

Large clusters of jasmine-scented white flowers in whorls in September when few other shrubs bloom. Each contains six tiny flowers around a central knob (in bud, these look like seven little heads). After blooming, each flower's base (its calyx) turns red and extends, resembling flowers with red petals, lasting until November. This variety has larger flower clusters and deeper red flower look-alikes than the species. Attractive reddish brown bark peels away in narrow strips to reveal pale brown inner bark. Can be trained as a tree. Native to China, but quite rare. Best in a protected spot. 8–10'h ○☼☼☼ \$18.00—5.25" pot

S137 Smokebush

Cotinus coggygia Winecraft Black

Purple leaves in spring darken to almost black in the summer and then welcome fall by turning red and orange. Rounded shape and relatively compact size make this a good plant for urban gardens. After the tiny June flowers have bloomed, their many filaments form showy pink 6–8" plumes of "smoke" through September. Open, spreading shrub with oval leaves. 4–6'h ○●☼ \$17.00—5.25" pot

Snowberry *Symphoricarpos*

An upright, arching shrub that gradually forms a thicket by underground stems. Very hardy, adaptable, and easy. Prune back to 12" in early spring for best fruit display. Deer-resistant. ○☼☼☼ \$17.00—5.25" pot:

- S138 **Proud Berry Pearl** **NEW**—Heavy crops of plump white berries at the ends of the branches in fall. Long-lasting tiny white flowers in late summer over blue-green foliage. 2–3'h
- S139 **Proud Berry Pink**—Clusters of tiny pink-tinted white flowers in summer are followed by the real show: waxy pink half-inch berries that stay on the bare branches into winter, providing food for birds. 3–4'h ☼
- S140 **Wild White Snowberry** *S. albus* ☼—White berries in fall. Good for erosion control. Dakota County, Minn., source. 3–6'h ☼☼☼

S141 Spirea, Blue

Caryopteris clandonensis Beyond Midnight

Spikes of deep blue flowers add welcome color that pairs well with fall goldenrods. May die back in winter, but will regrow in spring. Beautiful flowers in late summer to fall when other blooming shrubs have quit. Mulch well for winter protection and prune back in early spring to about a foot tall. Needs good drainage. Deer-resistant. 2–3'h ○●☼☼ \$17.00—5.25" pot

S142 Spruce, Bird's Nest *Picea abies* nidiformis

Flat-topped with a hollow center, this spruce looks just like its name. Slow-growing and extremely hardy, this is a good choice for adding year-round structure to your garden. The lush branches will keep the garden looking alive all winter. Excellent for bonsai. 2–4'h by 4–6'w ○● \$21.00—1 gal. pot

S143 Sumac, Fragrant *Rhus aromatica* Gro-Low ☼

Glossy dark green foliage and superb orange-red fall color. Profuse tiny yellow flowers. Good for slopes. A low-maintenance ground cover that works well in all types of soil. Cultivar of a native Minnesota shrub. ★★★★★ 1–2'h ○●☼ \$17.00—5.25" pot

S144 Sumac, Staghorn *Rhus typhina* Tiger Eyes

Gold variety of cutleaf staghorn sumac, a Minnesota native. New growth is bright chartreuse, quickly changing to yellow, both colors contrasting nicely with its rosy pink leaf stems. Fall color is yellow, orange, and intense scarlet. Colony-forming, with spreading underground roots, so it's good for natural screening and prevention of soil erosion. Give it enough room or plant with root barriers. Rated by the Xerces Society as "special value to native bees." Extra-hardy. 6–8'h ○●☼ \$39.00—2 gal. pot

S145 Summersweet *Clethra alnifolia* Ruby Spice

Deep pink 3–4" flower spikes. Color is best with more sun. Fragrant bottlebrush flowers late summer to fall, with color and pollen when few other plants are in bloom. Round-shaped shrub. Leaves turn yellow in fall. Seed heads provide winter interest and food for birds. Likes damp feet and acidic soil. Will sucker. 4–6'h ○●☼☼☼ \$22.00—8" pot

S146 Sweet Box *Sarcococca hookeriana* Sweet & Lo

Sweet jasmine scent and low-growing. Unusual broadleaf evergreen with deep pink and white flowers in early spring. Flowers look like little white sticks tied together at the base and dipped in pink paint at the top. Very shade-tolerant. Likes consistent moisture and slightly acidic soil. Lightly suckering. Deer-resistant. 3'h ○●☼☼ \$14.00—5.25" pot

S147 Sweetfern *Comptonia peregrina*

Fragrant, fern-like foliage makes very nice tea. The flowers are catkins followed by fruits that look like green burs. Not a fern, despite the name. Grows well in sand and spreads if it likes the location. Wind-pollinated shrub that doesn't attract bees or butterflies, but it is an extremely popular host plant for a wide variety of caterpillars. Horticultural source. 2–3'h by 4–6'w ○●☼☼☼ \$9.00—3" deep pot

Sweetshrub *Calycanthus*

Large glossy leaves. All parts of the plant are fragrant, smelling of pineapple, apple, and bubblegum, although fragrance varies from year to year. Also called Carolina allspice. ○●

\$18.00—5.25" pot:

- S148 **Aphrodite**—Dense shrub that can be shaped into a small tree. Deep red 4" waterlily-shaped flowers all summer, and yellow leaves in the fall. Blooms on old and new wood. Hybrid of the West Coast *C. occidentalis* and an Asian species. Very deer-resistant. 5–10'h

S149 Red Zeppelin *C. floridus* **NEW**—

Miniature magnolia-like red-orange flowers in spring. New red foliage is shiny and leather-like, turning burgundy through the season. Tolerates shade but needs some sun for deepest foliage color. 4–8'h ☼



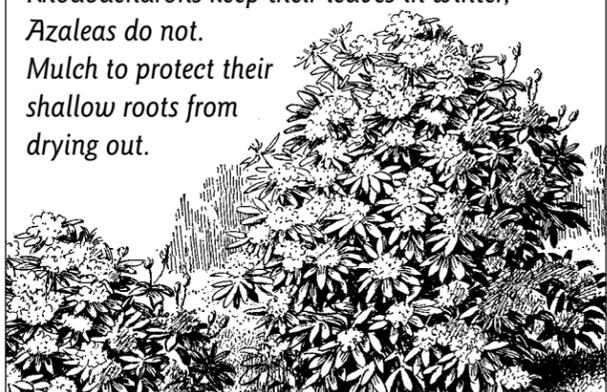
Sweetshrub

Rhododendrons and azaleas need acidic soil.

Rhododendrons keep their leaves in winter,

Azaleas do not.

Mulch to protect their shallow roots from drying out.



Shrubs & Trees

Plant widths are similar to their heights unless noted otherwise.

S150 Sycamore NEW
Platanus occidentalis

The peeling patches of tan, gray, and brown bark on the young tree will turn to a smooth white as the tree matures. Large maple-like leaves. Excellent shade trees. Grows quickly and can live for hundreds of years. Each tree is both pollenizing and fruiting, bearing modest flowers of each in the spring. The fruiting flowers become fuzzy 1" balls. *Sycamore*
75–100'h ○ **\$40.00—2 gal. pot**



S154 Willow, Sandbar *Salix interior*

Greenish yellow 2" catkins in mid- to late spring. Shrub with suckering roots, especially in moist to wet soil. Great for erosion control along a river bank. Good plant for wildlife. Fruiting and pollenizing flowers are on separate plants. Minnesota source. 5–10'h ○ **\$7.00—3" deep pot**

S155 Willow, Scarlet Curles
Salix × matsudana

Curly leaves and twisted branches. The older wood is gold, newer growth is bright red. Color intensifies after the first frost, so if you're looking for winter interest, this is the one. Popular at the Lake Harriet Peace Garden. 25–30'h ○ **\$33.00—3 gal. pot**

Winterberry *Ilex verticillata*

Upright, rounded, slow-growing shrubs with glossy dark foliage and white flowers. Good in foundation plantings and hedges. Excellent for wet soils. These are cultivars of a Minnesota native. Cedar waxwings love the fruit. Deer-resistant. Note: Both pollenizing and fruiting plants are needed to get the berries, but you need only one pollenizer for up to 20 plants. Plant within 40' for best fruit set. ○ **\$15.00—5.25" pot:**

S156 Berry Heavy—Heavy crop of bright orange-red fruit from fall through winter. Loses foliage early, revealing the berries. 6–8'h **\$17.00—3.5" deep pot**

S157 Mr. Poppins—A compact pollenizer with the same white flowers as the fruiting plant. 3–4'h **\$24.00—2 gal. pot**

S151 Tamarack *Larix laricina*

Evergreen in appearance, but drops its needles in fall. Tamarack is especially nice in October, when its needles turn yellow. Grows rapidly. Many kinds of wildlife use the tree for food and nesting. Very intolerant of shade but does well in both wetland and upland situations. Native to most of northern North America, including Minnesota. St. Louis County, Minn., source. 45'h ○ **\$12.00—2.5" deep pot**

S152 Wahoo *Euonymus atropurpureus*

Native shrub or small tree that is most often grown for its lavender berries and pink-scarlet fall color. Occurs in the wild in open woods and thickets, near streams and on wooded slopes. Fruit is attractive to wildlife. Hennepin County, Minn., source. 10–15'h ○ **\$17.00—3.5" deep pot**

S153 Willow, Dappled *Salix integra* Flamingo

Showy white, green, and pink foliage makes the tree look as though it's in bloom in spring. Red stems in winter. Similar to Hakuro Nishiki, but more upright, with smaller leaves and more red in the branches and new growth. Can be trained into a nice "lollipop" tree. 6–8'h ○ **\$24.00—2 gal. pot**

S158 Wintercreeper, Variegated
Euonymus Canadale Gold

Bright green leaves with a gold edge turn pink-red in cold weather. Colorful evergreen forms a dense mound. 4'h ○ **\$8.00—2.5" pot**

Witchhazel *Hamamelis virginiana* RENEW

Yellow flowers in late October and November. At first they're hard to see among the bright yellow fall foliage, but when the leaves drop, the flowers with their crinkled, ribbon-like petals are revealed. Host to dagger moth larvae. Vase-shaped. Tolerates poor conditions. The extract witchhazel is distilled from the bark of young stems and roots. Horticultural source. 10–20'h by 10–15'w ○ **\$19.00—3.5" deep pot**
S160 \$45.00—2 gal. pot

Yew *Taxus*

An adaptable, easy landscape shrub. The best evergreen for shade. Protect from deer, especially in the winter. ○ **\$15.00—5.25" pot:**

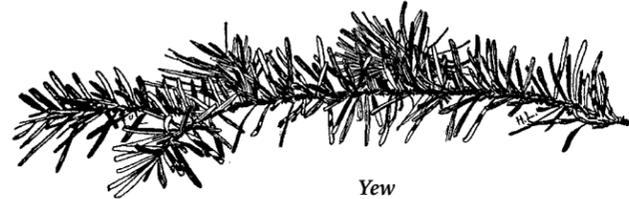
S161 Stonehenge Dark Druid *T. × media*—Tight, round shrub that can be used like a boxwood, even in shade. 3–4'h

S162 Stonehenge Skinny—Very narrow column of dense, dark green foliage adds winter interest. Maintains shape without pruning or shearing. Red berries if a pollenizing yew is planted nearby. Light green new foliage in spring. 6–8'h by 1'w

Key

- Full sun
- ◐ Part sun/part shade
- Shade
- 🐝 Attractive to bees
- 🦉 Audubon-endorsed
- 🦋 Butterfly-friendly
- 🐦 Hummingbird-friendly
- 🌿 Attractive foliage
- 🍵 Culinary
- 🌸 Edible flowers
- 🌱 Ground cover
- 🏠 Houseplant
- 🩹 Medicinal
- 📄 Minnesota native
- 🪨 Rock garden
- ❄️ Cold-sensitive: keep above 40°F
- ☠️ Toxic to humans
- 🛌 Saturday restock

Bring your own wagon... you'll be glad you did!



Yew

Rose Rosa ○ 🍵 🌸 🩹

All are on their own root and need full sun unless marked with the part sun symbol.

Climbing Rose

The upright canes of these roses can be trained to a trellis or allowed to ramble or spill over a wall.

- S106 Cherry Frost**—Abundant clusters of 2" flowers from July–October. A new introduction bred in northwestern Wisconsin, this cane-hardy red climber is resistant to black spot and powdery mildew. 6'h **\$38.00—3 gal. pot**
- S107 John Cabot**—Blossoms from early summer until frost in a range of shades from orchid-pink to fuchsia-red. Orange hips. From the Canadian Explorer series. 5–9'h **\$22.00—1 gal. pot**
- S108 John Davis**—Medium pink climber with red canes. Spicy scent. Repeat bloomer from the Canadian Explorer series. 6–8'h **\$22.00—1 gal. pot**
- S109 Rise Up Amberness**—Buttery amber-colored flowers bloom all summer without deadheading. Very fragrant. Can be pruned to be a shrub. 3–5'h by 2–3'w **\$17.00—5.25" pot**
- S110 Rise Up Emberays**—Yellow-centered orange flowers change to pink. Fragrant. 3–5'h by 2–3'w **\$17.00—5.25" pot**

Modern Shrub Rose

Varieties that came into cultivation since 1867. Long-lived.

- S111 At Last**—Clusters of double flowers start out sunset pink-orange and become a paler shade. Continuous bloom with dead-heading. Fragrant and easy. 3'h **\$17.00—5.25" pot**
- S112 Aurora Borealis**—Clusters of coral pink flowers. Low-maintenance and Canada-bred, from the Vineland 49th Parallel program. 3'h **\$22.00—1 gal. pot**
- S113 Campfire**—Ever-changing mixture of soft yellow and pink. Continuous bloomer from early summer until hard frost. 2–3'h **\$22.00—1 gal. pot**
- S114 Chinook Sunrise**—A new rose from the Vineland Research and Innovation Centre in Ontario with abundant flowers that start deep coral and get lighter as they open, ending in a pale pink. Repeat blooms in different stages for a kaleidoscope of color. Very cold-hardy. 4–5'h **\$36.00—2 gal. pot**
- S115 Drift Apricot** NEW—Double apricot-pink flowers from spring through fall. Durable, compact, and repeat-blooming. Low and spreading, good for spilling down a slope. 1–2'h by 2–3'w **\$36.00—2 gal. pot**
- S116 Drift Popcorn**—Double blossoms are warm yellow lightening to cream. Durable, compact, and repeat-blooming. Low and spreading, good for spilling down a slope. 2'h by 3'w **\$36.00—2 gal. pot**

Modern Shrub Rose continued

- S117 Emily Carr**—Semi-double dark red 3" flowers. Bushy, fast-growing, and repeat-blooming. From the Canadian Artists series, it honors Emily Carr, an early 20th century Canadian painter who often chose Native American (Haida) subjects. 3'h by 4'w **\$22.00—1 gal. pot**
- S118 Flavorette Honey Apricot**—Bred for good eating and vigor, the lush peach-colored petals have a sweet fruity flavor. Use in salads, sweets, smoothies, or whatever else you can think of. Blossoms through summer. 3–4'h **\$17.00—5.25" pot**
- S119 Flavorette Pear'd**—Semi-double pink flowers with a distinctive, light pear flavor and a lush, soft texture that's lovely to eat. Blossoms through summer. Use in salads, sweets, smoothies, and more. 3–4'h **\$17.00—5.25" pot**
- S120 Morden Centennial**—Clusters of fragrant, double, cupped 6" flowers in pure pink from summer into fall. Persistent large, bright orange-red hips for winter visual interest. Vase-shaped. 3–4'h by 6'w **\$22.00—1 gal. pot**
- S121 Never Alone**—Double 2" flowers with wide magenta-red edges blending to white toward the center. Part of the sales goes to support cancer patients and their families. From Morden, Manitoba. 2'h by 1'w **\$22.00—1 gal. pot**
- S122 Oscar Peterson**—Semi-double white flowers punctuated by yellow stamens. Great for the extreme north. Rebloomer. From the Canadian Artists series. 3'h **\$22.00—1 gal. pot**
- S123 Oso Easy En Fuego**—Red and yellow buds blossom to electric orange flowers. Excellent disease resistance. 3–4'h **\$17.00—5.25" pot**
- S124 Oso Easy Italian Ice**—Orange buds open to yellow petals trimmed with pale pink. Has a nice mounded shape and blooms profusely with no need for deadheading. 1–3'h **\$17.00—5.25" pot**
- S125 Reminiscent Coral**—Pink with light orange shades around the center. Bred to have the classic full shape and intense fragrance of old-fashioned roses but with modern hardiness and easy care. Blossoms all summer without deadheading. Beautiful as cut flowers. 2–4'h **\$17.00—5.25" pot**
- S126 Reminiscent Ginger** NEW—Light orange. 2–3'h by 3–4'w **\$17.00—5.25" pot**
- S127 Reminiscent Pink**—Light pink deepening to pink in the middle. 3–4'h **\$17.00—5.25" pot**
- S128 Yukon Sun**—Yellow double flowers bloom continuously on this newest introduction from the Vineland 49th Parallel program in Canada. 3'h **\$22.00—1 gal. pot**

Northern Accents Rose

A University of Minnesota series, only available in limited production. Blossoms from late spring through fall in three to four flushes of clustered 2" flowers. Lightly fragrant and excellent for cutting. Foliage remains glossy all season. Polyantha type. Prune in late winter.



- S129 Lena**—White singles with blush pink edges, like large apple blossoms. 3'h **\$44.00—2 gal. pot**
- S130 Ole**—Ivory pink doubles turn to white. 3'h **\$44.00—2 gal. pot**
- S131 Sigrid**—Hot pink to dark magenta cupped doubles. 3'h **\$44.00—2 gal. pot**
- S132 Sven**—Violet pink semi-doubles reveal white at the center and yellow stamens. Blossoms until frost. 3'h **\$44.00—2 gal. pot**

Species Rose ○ NEW

- S133 Early Wild** *R. blanda*—Pink 2–3" flowers with five petals, followed by red hips that persist into winter unless eaten by wildlife. Minnesota's most common native rose, blooming June and July. Nearly thornless stems may form large thickets over time. Host plant for the apple sphinx moth caterpillar. Also known as meadow rose and smooth rose. Seed from Chicksaw and Fayette counties, Iowa. 4–7'h by 1–2'w **\$22.00—1 gal. pot**
- S134 Prairie Wild** *R. arkansana*—Highly scented blossoms. The state flower of Iowa and North Dakota. The only Minnesota native rose that reblooms after its initial June flush of blossoms. Spreads. Sherburne County, Minn., source. 2'h by 3–4'w **\$22.00—1 gal. pot**
- S135 Woods' R.** *R. woodsii* NEW—Fragrant 2" flowers with feathery yellow centers in May and June. Spreading roots make thickets good for wildlife and erosion control. Tolerates a wide range of moisture; good xeriscaping plant. Similar to *R. blanda* but thornier. Named for Joseph Woods, a 19th-century English botanist and architect. Seed from North Dakota. 3–10'h by 2–3'w **\$29.00—2 gal. pot**

Species rose

